AMENDMENT TO THE CLAIMS

- 1.(currently amended) A method of setting a compressive force in an assembly, comprising:
 - placing a film between first and second contacting surfaces in the assembly, the film having an optical property responsive to a pressure pattern between the first and second contacting surfaces;
 - providing the compressive force at an initial level to the first and second contacting surfaces to generate an initial pressure pattern;
 - removing the compressive force and removing the film from between the first and second contacting surfaces;
 - sensing the optical property to derive a sensed initial pressure pattern;
 - providing a stored setting in a computer, the stored setting controlling the compressive force; and
 - updating the stored setting as a function of the computer comparing the sensed initial pressure pattern to the reference pressure pattern, wherein the function of the comparing comprises a statistical process control function so that the stored setting changes in response to shifts in average density.
- 2.(original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the optical property is sensed by an optical densitometer providing a densitometer reading.
- 3.(original) The method of Claim 1 wherein the film has thickness that is less than 120 micrometers.
- 4.(original)The method of Claim 1, wherein the first contacting surface is a disc clamp surface, the second contacting surface is a disc surface, and the sensed initial pressure pattern diagnoses a surface defect.

5.(original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the assembly includes a cavity and the first and second contacting surfaces seal the cavity.

6.(original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the first contacting surface is a cover gasket surface, the second contacting surface is a housing surface, and fasteners provide the compressive force.

7.(original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the first contacting surface is a printed circuit cable header gasket surface, the second contacting surface is a housing surface, and fasteners provide the compressive force.

8.(original) The method of Claim 1, further comprising:

diagnosing a defect in at least one of the first and second contacting surfaces as a function of the sensed initial pressure pattern.

9.(original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the first contacting surface is a label surface and the second contacting surface is a roller surface that is movable over the label surface.

10.(original)The method of Claim 1, wherein the first contacting surface is a manufacturing fixture clamp surface, the second contacting surface is a disc drive housing surface, and a manufacturing fixture provides the compressive force.

11.(original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the first contacting surface is a leak tester gasket surface, the second contacting surface is a housing surface, and a test fixture provides the compressive force.

12.(currently amended) An apparatus that sets a compressive force between first and second contacting surfaces in an assembly, comprising:

- a film between the first and second contacting surfaces, the film having an optical property responsive to a pressure pattern between the first and second contacting surfaces;
- a compressive force generator applying a compressive force at an initial level to the first and second contacting surfaces to generate an initial pressure pattern;
- an optical sensor sensing the optical property to derive a sensed initial pressure pattern; and

a computer comprising:

- a stored setting controlling the compressive force; and
- a comparator comparing the sensed initial pressure pattern and a reference pressure pattern and the computer updating the stored setting to adjust the compressive force as a function of the comparing, wherein the function of the comparing comprises a statistical process control function so that the stored setting changes in response to shifts in average density.
- 13.(original) The apparatus of Claim 12, wherein the optical sensor comprises an optical densitometer providing a densitometer reading.
- 14.(original) The apparatus of Claim 12 wherein the film has thickness that is less than 120 micrometers.
- 15.(original) The apparatus of Claim 12, wherein the first contacting surface is a disc clamp surface, the second contacting surface is a disc surface, and the sensed initial pressure pattern diagnoses a surface defect.
- 16.(original) The apparatus of Claim 12, wherein the assembly includes a cavity and the first and second contacting surfaces seal the cavity.

17.(original) The apparatus of Claim 12, wherein the first contacting surface is a cover gasket surface, the second contacting surface is a housing surface, and fasteners provide the compressive force.

18.(original) The apparatus of Claim 12, wherein the first contacting surface is a printed circuit cable header gasket surface, the second contacting surface is a housing surface, and fasteners provide the compressive force.

19.(original) The apparatus of Claim 12, wherein the first contacting surface is a label surface and the second contacting surface is a roller surface.

20.(original) The apparatus of Claim 12, wherein the first contacting surface is a manufacturing fixture clamp surface, the second contacting surface is a disc drive housing surface, and a manufacturing fixture provides the compressive force.

21.(original) The apparatus of Claim 12, wherein the first contacting surface is a leak tester gasket surface, the second contacting surface is a housing surface, and a test fixture provides the compressive force.

22.(currently amended) An apparatus that sets a compressive force between first and second contacting surfaces in an assembly, comprising:

- a film between the first and second contacting surfaces, the film having an optical property responsive to a pressure pattern between the first and second contacting surfaces;
- a compressive force generator applying a compressive force at an initial level to the first and second contacting surfaces to generate an initial pressure pattern; and a sensor sensing the optical property to derive a sensed initial pressure pattern; and

computer means including a computer for storing a setting controlling the compressive force and for comparing the sensed initial pressure pattern to a reference pressure pattern and for updating the stored setting to adjust the compressive force as a function of the comparing, wherein the function of the comparing comprises a statistical process control function so that the stored setting changes in response to shifts in average density.

23.(original) The apparatus of Claim 22, wherein the assembly includes a cavity and the first and second contacting surfaces seal the cavity.

24.(original)The apparatus of Claim 22, further comprising:

diagnosing a defect in at least one of the first and second contacting surfaces as a function of the sensed initial pressure pattern.

25.(original) The apparatus of Claim 22, wherein the optical property is sensed by an optical densitometer providing a densitometer reading.